The Daily Gazetteer.

NUMB. 2563

SATURDAY AUGUST 27. 1743.

Yesterday arrived a Mail from Holland.

Petersbourgh, August 14.

AS soon as the Troops are all returned out of Finland, the Czarina intends to make a Promotion of General Officers. Her Majesty's Plenipotentiaries at Abo, have informed the Swedish Ministers residing there, that her Imperial Majesty will not only strictly fulfil what is promised by the third Article of the Preliminaries, but will also assist Sweden with all her Forces, in case she should be attacked, or disquieted, on account of the late Election of the Duke of Holstein to the Succession. As to the Plot that is broke out here, we can say little of it with Certainty, further then that it was very deep laid; that the Subversion of the Government, as well as the Destruction of her Majesty's Person, was designed; and that several Persons of Distinction, of both Sexes, had been arrested. It is doubtful, whether her Majesty's Physician was an Accomplice in, or a Discoverer of the Plot; but this may be relied on, that the Senate have intreated her Majesty to cause a strict Inquisition to be made into the Affair, since they are throughly persuaded that her Imperial Majesty's too great Clemency serves only to encourage the Malecontents.

Stockholm, August 23. The Day before Yesterday, Secretary Modee brought hither the definitive Treaty, sign'd by the Plenipotentiaries of Russia and Sweden on the 7th. His Majesty hath been pleased to promote Lieutenant-General Baron Van During, to the Rank of General of Foot, and to raise to the same Dignity, Major-General Baron Wrangel. Major-General Count Oxel Thems is named Lieutenant-General of the Horse, as is Major-General Lewis Bousquet Lieutenant-General of Foot; the King has ordered a Reinforcement to be sent to the Troops that are marched against the Peasants in Dalecarlia, and General During is named to go to Petersburgh, to obtain from his Imperial Highness the Renunciations that are necessary for the Security of the Kingdom. The Senate hath declared, that the Condemnation and Death of Count Lewenhaupt shall no way operate to the Prejudice of his Family, but that they shall be in the same Situation, as if he had never offended.

Hamburgh, August 30. We have scarce seen an Instance of a Family so suddenly, and so strangely favoured by Providence, as that of Holstein. Yesterday, in the Morning, his Royal Highness the Prince of Sweden, received in the Space of two Hours, three Couriers from Petersburgh. The First brought him an Account of the Discovery of the late Conspiracy, and that it did not appear, that any Design was formed against the Life of his Nephew; the Second, that her Imperial Majesty had declared that she would support his Election with the whole Force of her Empire, against all and every Opponent. The Third, that his Brother, Prince George of Holstein, was named Duke of Courland. Since, we have received Intelligence, that the Deputies of the State of Sweden are on their Way hither, and that a Palace actually furnished for the Successor to the Crown; which work, with the greatest Diligence, on the Baggage, and whatever is necessary for his Royal Highness's Departure.

Lisbon, July 30. The Fleet from Fernambuca arrived in the Tagus on the 22d of this Month; it is composed in the whole of 18 Vessels, of which 12 belong to this Capital, and the others to Oporto; the Cargo of the whole consists, among other Things, of 374,000,307 Reas in Gold Coin, which makes somewhat more than 128,000,102 Pound Sterling; 22,861 and three Quarters of Octaves, of Wrought Gold Plate, and Gold Dust, with an infinite Quantity of other valuable Merchandizes, which fills this City with universal Joy. His Majesty still continues to recover his Health, and we flatter ourselves, that he will be speedily in a Condition to attend again to Business, without Prejudice to it. The French Minister has taken Leave of the Court, and of the Royal Family, and we expect every Day to see him set out.

Madrid, August 12. The Spanish Army hath entirely recovered the Loss it suffered in the Battle of Campo Santo, chiefly through the Number of Recruits drawn from his own Dominion by the Duke de Modena. It is with the utmost Amazement that we see it published in Foreign Gazettes, there having been some Difference between his Serene Highness, and the Count de Gages, for which there never was the slightest Foundation.

Vienna, August 21. The Conferences at the House of Count Staremberg, which had been discontinued for two or three Days, are now renewed with greater Vigour than ever, but the Design of them is absolutely a Secret. As soon as the Queen is up again, she will go to Presburg, in order to be present at an Assembly of the States of Hungary, to whom she intends to make some Propositions; and it is thought his Royal Highness the Grand Duke will take this Opportunity of making a Tour to the Army. The States of Bohemia have lately granted to her Majesty a Supply of 800,000 Florins; and our Letters from Prague say further, that Count Mansfeld, who retired to Dresden during the Continuance of the Troubles, was returned back again to that City on the first Summons; and it was believed, that other Persons of Quality will follow his Example, since he had been receiv'd by the Regency with all imaginable Marks of Esteem. We are preparing Quarters here for 4000 fresh Troops from Hungary, and a few Days ago there arrived two Deputies, to acquaint her Majesty, that the States had 6000 Men more at her Service, in case the Urgency of her Affairs required it. It is said, that all these Troops will speedily march to the Rhine, in order to strengthen the Army of P. Charles of Lorrain.

Francfort, August 29. The Imperial Prince, only Son of the Emperor, sustained a Thesis in Mathematicks, before the Foreign Ministers, and a crouded Audience, when every body was astonished at the Strength and Solidity of his Arguments, and at his profound Knowledge in so difficult and deep a Science. On the 25th of this Month there arrived here a Detachment of English, Hanoverians, and Hessian Troops, in order to guard a Bridge laid over the Maine, for the Passage of the Dutch Auxiliaries, who are to continue their March with the utmost Diligence towards Worms, in the Neighbourhood of which City the Army of the Allies remains at present. According to our last Advices from the Brisgaw, the Austrian and French Armies continued to cannonade each other with the utmost Vivacity; that, according to all Appearance, the Prince, is disposing every Thing for the immediate Passage of the Rhine, but that it was, however, absolutely impossible to affirm any Thing certainly concerning that Prince's Intentions, which have been hitherto impenetrable.

Mentz, August 27. The Army of the Allies, that had encamp'd for some Days in the Neighbourhood of this City, began this Morning to remount the Rhine, and to march towards Alsace. It consists of 60,000 Regular Troops, and 12,000 Hussars, Croats, &c. This Day the Army will arrive at Gundersum, and the King of Great Britain, who continues to command it, will have his Quarters at Openheim. It was thought that the warm Representations made to his Majesty against exposing his Person, both by his English and German Subjects, would have induced him to have quitted the Army, but it proves otherwise. His Majesty seems determined to march directly towards the French, in order to force them to withdraw their Troops from the Rhine, and facilitate the Passage of Prince Charles. From Worms the Army of the Allies will certainly march to Spire; but if it should so happen, that this Motion should not have the desired Effect, it is thought that Prince Charles will also march towards Spire, and pass the Rhine there. During the Time his Majesty remained here, the Conferences between Lord Carteret and the Foreign Ministers were continued, in order to bring about a Peace between the Emperor and the Queen of Hungary.

Brussels, August 20. The Queen, our Sovereign, has lately directed a Rescript to all the Tribunals in the Low Countries, directing that her Consort, the Grand Duke of Tuscany, should be every where acknowledged as Co-Regent in all her Dominions, and particularly in these Provinces. We have certain Advice that General Mentzel has penetrated into the French Lorrain, and that he hath raised there immense Contributions.

IRELAND.

Belfast, August 16. The following Lines on the late Countess of Donegal, shewing the Sentiments of so good a Judge of Merit as Dean Swift, were published here, upon her Ladyship's Interment in her Family Vault at Carrickfergus last Wednesday.

Unerring Heav'n, with bounteous Hand,
Has form'd a Model for your Land,
Whom Jove endow'd with ev'ry Grace:
The Glory of the *Granard* Race;
Now destin'd by the Pow'rs divine,
The Blessing of another Line.
Then, would you paint a matchless Dame,
Whom you'd consign to endless Fame?
Invoke nor Cytherea's Aid,
Nor borrow from the blue-eye'd Maid,
Nor need you on the Graces call;——
Take Qualities from *Donegal*.

Drogheda, August 18. Monday last his Grace the Lord Primate of all Ireland arrived here, and Tuesday he held his annual Visitation, when the Mayor and Corporation presented his Grace with his Freedom in a Gold Box, which was graciously received. At the same Time the Mayor invited his Grace to dine with the Corporation on Wednesday the 24th Instant, to which his Grace complied. —— It is reported, his Grace has ordered 50 l. to the Poor and poor Widows of St. John's poor House, in this Town.

Last Week died suddenly, at his House in Cork, George Benner, Esq; Alderman of that City.

Tuesday last died at Limerick, Mrs. Maunsel, Wife of Richard Maunsel, Esq; Member of Parliament for that City.

Yesterday a great Quantity of Butter, designed for Exportation, was seized on the Custom-House Quay, for being unmerchantable, and under Weight.

Last Thursday the Rev. Dr. Synge, Brother to the Lord Bishop of Elphin, was installed Archdeacon of the Diocese of Dublin, at the Cathedral Church of St. Patrick's, in the room of the late Archdeacon Whittingham. And, we hear, that the Rev. Dean Maturine succeeds Dr. Synge in his Livings in the Diocese of Tuam.

Last Monday the Rev. Dr. Kearney, and his Lady, (Niece to the Duke of Chandos) arrived here from England.

We hear, that the Yacht is to be at Holyhead the 13th of next Month, to bring over the Duke of Devonshire and his Family.

HOME PORTS.

Lancaster, August 23. Arrived the Anne, Fell, and the Providence, Towers, from Riga; the Hollow Oak, Kellner, from Norway; and the Manchester, Barrow, from Coningsburg.

Weymouth, August 24. Wind N. E. Yesterday arriv'd the St. Peter, Jacobson, from Arundal. Sailed the Charming Sukey, Robinson, for London; the John and Mary, Elliot, for Guernsey.

Pool, August 24. Wind E. Came in the Norway Bear, Schaverius, from Longsound; the Jane, Shank, the John and Anne, Rogers, and the William and Thomas, Lander, from London. Sailed the Desire, Wills, the John and Mary, Rogers, the Thomas and Elizabeth, Henning, the Sarah, Rolls, the Thomas, Parsons, and the John and Joanna, Linthorn, all for London.

Cowes, August 24. On the 22d arriv'd the Argyle, Coatam, from South Carolina, last from Plymouth, for Rotterdam. On the 20th came in from Spithead the Neptune Tender, Knight, and sailed again the same Evening for the Westward; also sailed the Anna Catharina from Mandal for Topsham.

Portsmouth, August 25. This Morning came to Spithead his Majesty's Ship the Prince of Orange, Capt. Stapleton, from the Nore; the Amsterdam Packet, and the Dispatch Tender, from cruizing.

Dover, August 25. Wind E. N. E. Arrived the Hampshire, Higgins, from Maryland; and the Charming Sally, Gutteridge, from Bristol.

Deal, August 25. Wind N. E. Arrived the Albemarle, Danzie, from Virginia. Remains his Majesty's Ship the Shrewsbury, and Deptford's Prize.

Gravesend, August 25. Passed by the Jenny, Skinner, from Petersburg; the City of Colberg, Blank, and the Paul Bomb, Connor, both from Colberg; the Speedwell, Harrison, from Narva; the Greyhound, Coulson, and the Fell, Richardson, from Riga; the Duke d'Humire, Tiller, from Boulogne; and the Vernon, Smith, from Norway.

Arrived at several Ports.

At Petersburg, the Dorothy, Lister, from London.

At Jamaica, the Abraham and Sarah, ——, from Porto Bello.

At Whitehaven, the Ruby, Linton, from Barbados.

LONDON.

Private Letters from Hamburgh inform us, that the Czarina had declared to the British Minister at her Court, that she had dispatched her last Orders to the Troops in Courland, which were design'd to march to the Assistance of the Queen of Hungary.

The Saxon Troops received Orders on the 23d, N. S. to hold themselves ready to march for the Rhine, and it is believed, they will begin to march in less than a Week.

There has been a considerable Action in Lorrain, between the Troops of General Mentel, and a great Detachment of French Forces, wherein the latter were totally defeated, the Officer who commanded them kill'd upon the Spot, and he, upon whom the Command devolv'd, made Prisoner of War.

In its present Situation, the Army of the Allies is but three Days March from that of Marshall Noailles, and as it continues to advance, he will be obliged either to fight, or retire.

Baron Wassenbourgh, Minister at this Court from Sweden, died on the 17th Instant, of an Appoplexy, at Nimeguen, in his Way from the Hague to the Army of the Allies.

Extract of a Letter from Plymouth, *dated* August 23.

'Yesterday came in a Tender, who brings an Account 'of their speaking with a Danish Ship to the West-'ward of Plymouth, who had been ransaged by a Dog-'ger Privateer of 16 Guns, and 130 Men, 70 Leagues 'to the Westward of the Lizard. There was another 'Privateer of 14 Guns, and 130 Men, in Company with 'her. The Sutherland Man of War sails this Day, and, 'as we suppose, in Quest of 'em.'

Yesterday a Gentleman dropp'd down dead of an Apoplectick Fit, as he was was walking along St. James's Park.

The same Day died, at her House in Prince's Court, near Storey's Gate, Westminster, Mrs. Sherrard, Relict of the late Col. Sherrard.

Last Wednesday Night died, in advanced Years, at his House at Chelsea, Col. Robinson, formerly a Colonel of Horse.

Yesterday died, at his House in Exeter Street in the Strand, Dr. Rivett, a Gentleman of a large Estate.

Yesterday Alice Norman was committed to Newgate by Mr. Alderman Marshal, for being concern'd with one Anne Duck, committed to the same Place the 10th Instant, for robbing Thomas Greetham of a Silver Stock Buckle, and other Things.

At Ruckholt-House, near Low-Layton, in Essex, on Monday next, will be a Concert of Vocal and Instrumental Musick. The Vocal Part in the Morning by Mr. Lowe: In the Afternoon by Mr. Brett. Tickets to be delivered at the Door, for the Breakfasting, at 1 s. 6 d. each. And for the Evening Entertainment, each Person, after Two o'Clock, to pay 6 d.

High Water this Day at London-Bridge.	Morning	04 01	Evening	04 19

Bank Stock, 147 1-4th to 1-half. India, 188. South Sea, 110 7-8ths to 1-half to 3-4ths. Old Annuity, 115 1-8th to 1-4th to 115. New ditto, 113 3-8ths. Three per Cent. Annuities, 102. Ditto 1743, 102 1-8th. Seven per Cent. Loan, Nothing done. Five per Cent. ditto, Nothing done. Royal Assurance, 81. London Assurance, 11 7-8ths. India Bonds, 3 l. 14 s. Prem. Bank Circulation, 3 l. Prem. Salt Tallies, 105. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders, 105. Three per Cent. ditto, 99 1-half. Million Bank, 119. Equivalent, 111. Lottery Tickets, 11 l. 4 s. & 5 l.

Admiralty-Office, August 22, 1743.

THE *Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty having thought fit to remove the Petty-Officers and Foremast Men belonging to his Majesty's Ship the Pembroke, lately paid off, into the* Boyne, *lying out at Portsmouth; and the said Men's Leave of Absence expiring on the last Day of this Month, it is their Lordships Direction, that all the said Petty-Officers and Foremast Men do repair, as soon as their Leave of Absence is expired, on board the said Ship at Portsmouth; where they will be paid the Remainder of their Wages for the* Pembroke, *and two Months Wages in advance, before the* Boyne *proceeds to Sea. And in order to encourage them to go to their Duty, such as go immediately, at the Expiration of the Leave, shall be allowed Conduct Money, and Carriage for their Chests and Bedding. But if any of the said Petty-Officers or Foremast Men do neglect to repair on board the* Boyne, *at the Expiration of their Leave, as aforementioned, they will not only lose their Wages, but Orders will be given for Apprehending, and Trying them as a Court Martial, as Deserters.*

Thomas Corbett.

Shortly will be Published,

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'The Design of this Treatise, which is of a reasonable Bulk, and which contains nothing which is not solid, and to the Purpose, is to assist such as are engaged in teaching Algebra with a regular Method, and a large Stock of Examples; so that their Scholars may find Employment in their Absence; and to enable such as live in Country-Places, and must consequently want all other Tutors, except Books, to acquire such a Skill in this Science, as may enable them to spend a Portion of their Time agreeably in the Cultivation of their better Parts, and in rendering a natural Method of enquiring after Truth habitual.

'The Treatise begins with a copious Explication of the Fundamental Principles of the Art, and of the Signs and Method of Notation used therein. The Author then proceeds to the several Rules, explaining them carefully and copiously in all their various Cases; so that with a moderate Attention it is simply impossible for a Person, who desires to be Master of Algebra, to miss of his End.

'We never find this Writer advancing any thing out of its proper Place, or burthening the Mind of his Scholar with Rules, before they become necessary: He professes to have imitated the judicious *Euclid* in this Respect; and he has done it with equal Art and Felicity. By this means he has delivered the young Student in Algebra from that which is usually the most fatiguing Part of the Science, viz. The Doctrine of Surds, in the Manner in which it is usually taught. By the same Means he leads his Reader directly to Equations; and, by shewing him the Profit he will reap from this Science, encourages him to overcome all its Difficulties. But having thus laid a strong and rational Foundation, he moves more slowly through the rest of his Work, that whoever follows him, may be obliged to become Master of every Branch of the Art, so as to be a compleat Algebraist, before he quits his Book, and not a Smatterer.

'Quadratic Equations, and the Art of managing Converging Series, the admirable Invention of the incomparable *Newton*, are here so clearly explained, and their several Cases so plainly set down, and so thoroughly explicated, that it may be truly said, there are no where else such Instructions to be met with. At the Close of the Book, we find abundance of Observations, necessary for enlightening such Minds as are willing to proceed still farther in analytic Discoveries; so that considering the Compass of this Work, and that too is very moderate, it is as complete as possibly can be expected: And he who is thoroughly versed in it, will find no great Difficulties, when he proceeds to sublimer Studies. The Language is plain and natural, the Book is more copious than any other in Examples, and the Illustrations of them are so full and clear, that it is impossible to mistake their Meaning.'

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Lancelot.

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